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Wigan Rural District Council

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR 1960

WIGAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Chairman :
Councillor Isaac Cropper, J.P.

Vice-Chairman :
Councillor Mrs. E. A. Brown

Councillors :

C. J. Ainscough
Dr. H. H. Jackson
W. A. Rigby
J. W. Rothwell
J. Schofield
Mrs. M. M. Tarbuck
G. Wadsworth

Clerk :
Robert Gaskell, F.C.C.S., F.A.C.C.A.

Staff Public Health Department :
Medical Officer of Health :
G. H. Potter, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Engineer, Surveyor and Public Health Inspector :
J. Holding

Additional Public Health Inspector :
J. R. Swift

Water Inspector :
H. Carrington

10, Bridgeman Terrace,
Wigan.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Wigan Rural District Council.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting to you the Annual Report on the health of the District for the year 1960, compiled, as in previous years, in the form indicated by the Ministry of Health.

I take this opportunity of tendering my best thanks to the Officials of the Council, the Staff of the Health Department, and especially to the Public Health Inspector, for valuable help and co-operation at all times.

I desire also to express to the Members of the Council my appreciation of the courtesy and consideration they have always displayed towards me.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Yours faithfully,

G. H. POTTER,
Medical Officer of Health.

August, 1961.

WIGAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1.—STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA :

Area : 11,695 acres.

Population (Census 1951)	8,213
Estimated mid-1960 (Registrar-General)	9,840
Number of Inhabited Houses at end of 1960— according to Rate Book	3,079
Rateable Value	£100,272
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	£416

The chief industries of the Wigan Rural District are agriculture, stone quarrying, glue manufacture, bleaching and dyeing, brick manufacture, malt extract manufacture and linoleum manufacture. Certain districts are mainly residential.

VITAL STATISTICS.

	M.	F.	Total
Live Births (Legitimate)	81	80	161
(Illegitimate)	1	3	4
	82	83	165
Still Births (Legitimate)	2	2	4
(Illegitimate)	—	—	—
	2	2	4
Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age :			
(Legitimate)	2	1	3
(Illegitimate)	—	—	—
	2	1	3
Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of age :			
(Legitimate)	1	1	2
(Illegitimate)	—	—	—
	1	1	2
Deaths of Infants under 1 week of age :			
(Legitimate)	1	—	1
(Illegitimate)	—	—	—
	1	—	1

Deaths	89
Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population mid-1960	15.9
Death Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population mid-1960	11.7

TABLE I.

	Live Births		Deaths (all causes)		Stillbirths		Maternal Mortality		Infant Mortality			
									Total		Neo-Natal	
	No. Regd.	Rate per 1,000 pop'n.	No. Regd.	Rate per 1,000 pop'n.	No. Regd.	Rate per 1,000 Total Births	No. of Deaths Regd.	Rate per 1,000 Total Births	No. of Deaths Rged.	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	No. of Deaths Regd.	Rate per 1,000 Live Births
Year 1960	165	15.9	89	11.5	4	24	Nil.	Nil.	3	18	2	12
Year 1959	185	18.9	90	11.7	6	31	Nil.	Nil.	8	43	7	38
,, 1958	194	20.2	115	15.2	3	15	Nil.	Nil.	11	56	8	41
,, 1957	178	19.1	90	12.2	5	27	Nil.	Nil.	5	28	2	11
,, 1956	157	18.4	98	13.3	1	6	Nil.	Nil.	8	51	6	38
,, 1955	149	18.0	77	9.9	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	8	54	7	47
Avge.5yrs. 1955–1959	—	18.9	—	12.4	—	15	—	Nil.	—	46	—	35

In the next Table are shown the chief causes of Death and the number of Deaths from each cause in 1960, with comparative figures for 1959 :—

TABLE II.

	No. of Deaths			
	1960		1959	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Tuberculosis—Respiratory	1	—	—	—
Tuberculosis—Other	—	—	—	—
Syphilitic Disease	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	—	—	—	—
Meningococcal Infections	—	—	—	—
Acute Poliomyelitis	—	—	—	—
Measles	—	—	—	—
Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	—	—	—	—
Cancer	5	5	6	11
Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	—	—	—	—
Diabetes	—	1	—	—
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	7	3	6	3
Coronary Disease, Angina	13	3	12	7
Hypertension with Heart Disease	—	1	—	—
Other Heart Disease	7	6	7	8
Other Circulatory Disease	—	—	—	—
Influenza	—	—	4	3
Pneumonia	4	2	1	2
Bronchitis	3	—	3	1
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	1	2	1	2
Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	1	—	—	—
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	—	—	—	—
Nephritis and Nephrosis	—	—	—	—
Hyperplasia of prostate	—	—	—	—
Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion	—	—	—	—
Congenital Malformation	—	—	—	1
Other Defined and Ill-defined Diaseases	7	4	5	4
Suicide and Other Violent Causes	3	—	2	—
	52	37	48	42

2.—GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA :

Ambulance Services.—Ambulance services are provided by the Lancashire County Council under the provisions of the National Health Service Act, 1946.

Home Nursing.—Under the provisions of the National Health Service Act, 1946 home nursing facilities are provided by the Lancashire County Council.

Laboratory Facilities.—Bacteriological examinations are carried out at Wigan Royal Infirmary, three satisfactory reports being obtained during the year. Two samples of raw water from private supplies were submitted for bacteriological examination, one sample of which was found to be unsatisfactory. Pending the provision of a piped supply the occupant of the house was warned to boil all water used for human consumption.

Samples for chemical analysis are submitted to the County Analyst, Preston, a report being obtained on each sample or specimen. The arrangements are satisfactory.

3.—SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

Water Supply.—The water supply throughout the District has been very satisfactory during the year.

The final reinstatement works in connection with the Council's Water Supply Extensions and Reconstruction Scheme have been satisfactorily completed, apart from two minor items which are receiving attention.

The Makerfield Water Board Order, 1960 came into force on 23rd November, 1960, the Appointed Day being 1st January, 1961 and the Day of Transfer being 1st April, 1961, from which date the Water Undertaking of the Wigan Rural District Council will be transferred to the Makerfield Water Board.

TABLE III. WATER CONSUMPTION — YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1960

Parish :	Estimated Water Population	Metered		Unmetered		Bulk Supplies	Average Consumption (Galls. per head per day)		
							Metered	Unmetered	Totals
Dalton	480		12,440		15,530		25.9	32.3	67.2
Haigh	780		27,290		20,670	To Aspull 9,228	34.9	26.4	61.3
Parbold	1,020		4,473		29,410		4.3	28.8	33.1
Shevington	4,670		22,020		121,400		4.7	26.0	30.7
Wrightington	3,050					To Bispham 9,936			
Appley Bridge		20,130		22,090					
Hill Dale and High Moor		38,970		17,220		To Wrightington Hospl. 42,060			
Mossy Lea		14,960		18,030					
Anderton's Mill		3,298	77,358	8,065	65,405		25.3	21.4	46.7
	10,000		143,581		252,415 143,581 61,224 457,220	61,224			

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION (at the end of 1960) :—

Number of Privy Middens	120
Number of Closets attached to Privy Middens	201
Number of Pail Closets	420
Number of Fresh Water Closets	2,560
Number of Dry Ashpits	10
Number of Movable Dustbins	2,996
Number of Houses on Water Carriage System	2,796

During the year 28 privy closets were converted to fresh w.c.s ; 30 pail closets were converted to fresh w.c.s ; 6 movable dustbins were substituted for fixed receptacles.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Two refuse vehicles with 12 workmen are engaged on Refuse Collection. The collection of house refuse is carried out weekly except in the remote areas of Dalton and Haigh, where a fortnightly collection is carried out.

Pails are emptied by the Council's Cesspool Emptying Vehicle.

CESSPOOL CLEANSING.

A special Cesspool Emptying Vehicle is engaged on regular cleansing of cesspools and septic tanks. Tipping is carried out on agricultural land when suitable, or otherwise into the public sewer. Two controlled tips are in use.

SEWERAGE.

The Sewerage Scheme for the Mossy Lea area of the Parish of Wrightington commenced on 28th May, 1959, has been completed and all properties which could be served by the new sewer have been connected.

In connection with the Parbold Sewerage Scheme agreement has been reached with the Ormskirk Urban District Council and the West Lancashire Rural District Council regarding the provision of drainage facilities in the Newburgh and Bispham areas. An indication has been given by the Town Clerk of Wigan that the Corporation were prepared to accept and treat sewage from the two additional areas on the same basis as that already agreed in connection with sewage from the area of the Wigan Rural District Council. This information will be supplied to the Minister of Housing and Local Government and it is hoped that he will then be in a position to authorise the Council to invite fixed price tenders for the Scheme.

The Council are anxious to proceed as quickly as possible with a Sewerage Scheme for the Appley Bridge area of the Parish of Wrightington and are awaiting a preliminary report thereon.

SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS.

There are no public swimming baths in the District.

DISINFESTATION OF VERMINOUS PREMISES.

No Council or privately-owned houses have been found to be infested during the year.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

1.—Number of rodent operatives employed—1 part-time.

2.—Action relating to rodent control during the year ended 31st December, 1960 :

	Type of Property.		
	Non-agricultural Dwelling Houses	All Other	Agri-cultural
(a) No. of properties in district	2,955	250	168
(b) No. of properties inspected	102	82	198
(c) Total inspections carried out (incl. re-inspections)	200	160	400
(d) No. of properties inspected which were found to be infested by :			
Rats –major	—	3	1
–minor	62	20	5
Mice –major	—	—	—
–minor	22	12	3
(e) No. of infested properties treated	84	32	6
(f) Total treatments carried out (incl. re-treatments)	84	83	380
(g) No. of " Block " control schemes carried out	—	—	—
(h) Any other action—10% test baiting of Council's sewers.			

58 Farms, 1 Hospital and 6 Factories have entered into Contracts with the Council in connection with the Rat Destruction Service which came into operation in October, 1958. 443 treatments were carried out during the year.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

The manufacture of glue is carried on in the Appley Bridge area. The stocks are inspected regularly and the conditions are satisfactory.

CAMPING SITES.

There is one Camping Site in the Rural District.

CARAVANS.

The main object of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960, which came into operation on 29th August, 1960, is to introduce a licensing system to be operated by all Local Authorities and regulate the establishment and operation of caravan sites and secure good standards of accommodation. At the time the Act came into operation there were 16 caravan sites in the Rural District. No applications for licences were received during the year.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

There are none in the District.

CANAL BOATS.

No infringements of the Acts were discovered.

SCHOOLS.

The water supply to the Schools in the area is constant and sufficient, and the facilities for handling meals are considered to be satisfactory.

SMOKE ABATEMENT—Clean Air Act, 1956.

Observations were made in respect of 16 chimneys during the year. In 8 instances dark smoke was emitted longer than the prescribed period. A further survey and observations are being made to assist the Factory Managers to comply with the Act.

ANTI-LITTER CAMPAIGN.

A further supply of 12 litter bins was obtained in connection with the Anti-Litter and the Keep Britain Tidy Campaigns and a supply of posters obtained for distribution to shops and other premises in the Council's District.

NOISE ABATEMENT ACT, 1960.

Official Circular No. 58/60 dated 21st November, 1960 from the Ministry of Housing and Local Government was submitted to the Council at their December Meeting. This drew the Council's attention to the Noise Abatement Act which had received the Royal Assent and would come into operation on 27th November, 1960.

HOUSING.

GENERAL HOUSING CONDITIONS.—There has been a continued improvement generally in housing conditions and an increase in the lesser-expensive dwellings built privately. There is still a shortage of ground-floor accommodation for old people.

House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959.—31 applications were received under the Act for the provision of standard amenities in older-type houses. One application was refused.

Slum Clearance.—The Council's Supplementary Slum Clearance Programme which provides for the demolition of 25 houses during the next three years has been approved by the Minister of Housing and Local Government. The Council do not propse to erect any new houses to accommodate the tenants who would be displaced as it was felt that they could be satisfactorily re-housed in the vacancies which occur from time to time in the existing houses already provided by the Council.

HOUSING STATISTICS.

Number of new houses erected during the year :—

	Houses	Flats
(i) By the Local Authority	—	—
(ii) By other Local Authorities	—	—
(iii) By other bodies or persons	113	—

1.—INSPECTIONS of dwelling-houses during the year :

(i) (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects under the (Public Health or Housing Acts)	454
(b) Number of Inspections made for the purpose	850
(c) Number of dwelling-houses in (a) above found to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation but capable of being rendered fit	20
(ii) Total Number of dwelling-houses existing at end of year which were unfit for human habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit	60

2.—HOUSES DEMOLISHED :—

CLEARANCE AREAS :

(i) Number of dwelling-houses demolished during Year :	
(a) Unfit Houses	—
(b) Other Houses	—
(ii) Number of persons displaced	—

NOT IN CLEARANCE AREAS :

(i) As a result of procedure under Section 17 (1), Housing Act, 1957	9
(ii) Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health	—
(iii) Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under local Acts	—
(iv) Unfit houses included in Unfitness Orders	—

3.—UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED :—

(i) Under Sections 16 (4), 17 (1) and 35 (1), Housing Act, 1957	5
(ii) Under Sections 17 (3) and 26, Housing Act, 1957	—
(iii) Parts of buildings closed under Section 18, Housing Act, 1957	—

4.—UNFIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMEDIED :—

	By Owner	By Local Authority
(i) After informal action by Local Authority	48	—
(ii) After formal notice under :		
(a) Public Health Acts	8	—
(b) Sections 9 and 16, Housing Act, 1957	—	—
(iii) Under Section 24, Housing Act, 1957	—	—

5.—UNFIT HOUSES IN TEMPORARY USE (Housing Act, 1957) :—

	No. of Houses	No. of separate dwellings contained in Column (1)
Position at end of year :		
(i) Retained for temporary accommodation—		
(a) Under Section 48	—	—
(b) Under Section 17 (2)....	—	—
(c) Under Section 46	—	—
(ii) Licensed for temporary occupation under Sections 34 or 53	—	—

6.—PURCHASE OF HOUSES BY AGREEMENT :—

	No. of Houses	No. of Occupants of houses in Col. (1)
Houses in Clearance Areas other than those included in confirmed Clearance Orders or Compulsory Purchase Orders, purchased during the year....	—	—

7.—HOUSING ACT, 1949 AND HOUSING (FINANCIAL PROVISIONS) ACT, 1958—IMPROVEMENT GRANTS, ETC.

Number of Schemes submitted during the Year :

(a) By private individuals to Local Authority ..... —

(b) By Local Authority to Ministry ..... —

8.—HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959—STANDARD GRANTS :—

	No. of dwellings or other buildings affected.
(a) Submitted to Local Authority	31
(b) Approved by Local Authority	30
(c) Work completed	15

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

(a) MILK SUPPLY.—The Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959 :—

No. of distributors registered by the Local Authority and operating from :—

(i) Dairies in the district	6
(ii) Shops in the district other than dairies	3

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION) (RAW MILK) REGULATIONS, 1949 to 1954 :

No. of Dealers' Licences (including supplementary Licences) issued in respect of " Tuberculin Tested " Milk 3

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION) (PASTEURISED AND STERILISED MILK) REGULATIONS, 1949 to 1953:

Six Licences were issued to retail distributors in respect of " Pasteurised " milk and four Licences were issued in respect of " Sterilised " milk.

During the year four samples of raw milk were subjected to biological tests, all of them being free from tuberculous infection.

Four samples of raw milk were subjected to the Methylene Blue reduction test, three samples being satisfactory and one sample unsatisfactory.

Eleven samples of "pasteurised" milk were subjected to the Phosphatase Test and eleven to the Methylene Blue reduction Test. All the results were satisfactory.

Two samples of " sterilised " milk were subjected to the Turbidity test and were found to be satisfactory.

THE MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION) REGULATIONS, 1960.

These Regulations, made jointly by the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food and the Minister of Health, came into operation on 1st October, 1960 and govern the conditions under which specially designated milk may be sold. They replace and consolidate with amendments earlier Regulations and their object is to ensure that the milk is so produced, treated, bottled and distributed that it reaches the consumer in a safe and clean condition. As from 1st January, 1961 all licences other than producer-licences will be issued by the Food and Drugs Authority.

(b) ICE CREAM.—Seven inspections of registered premises were carried out during the year and the results were satisfactory. All the premises in the District are registered for the sale of prepacked ice-cream. At only one premises was loose ice-cream sold. Due to the inadequacy of the premises the shop-keeper voluntarily ceased to sell this product and is now selling wrapped ice-cream.

(c) MEAT.—There is one private slaughterhouse in the District, which is visited regularly and all carcases are inspected before sale.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES ACT, 1959.

The Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food accepted a report submitted on 3rd June, 1960 under Section 3 of the Slaughterhouses Act, 1958 and proposed to appoint 1st July, 1961 as the Day from which all slaughterhouses in the Council's District must comply with the Construction Regulations.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS (WASTE FOOD) ORDER, 1957.

Two premises are licensed under the Order but only one plant is in use. Four inspections have been made during the year.

The following table shows the number of Carcases inspected and condemned within the District :—

TABLE IV.

	Cattle excl. Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	—	—	—	98	—	—
Number inspected	—	—	—	98	—	—
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci :						
Whole carcases condemned ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ...	—	—	—	9	—	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci	—	—	—	9%	—	—
Tuberculosis Only :						
Whole carcases condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cysticerosis :						
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	—	—	—	—	—	—
Generalised and totally condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—

FOOD PREMISES.

Number of food premises, by type of business, in the District at the end of the year :

Type of Business :	No.
General Grocers	33
Greengrocers and Fruiterers	4
Meat Shops	4
Confectioners	4
Fried Fish Shops	4
Sweets, Minerals and Ice Cream	8
Licensed premises, clubs, canteens, restaurants, cafes, snack bars, etc.	40

Number of food premises, by type, registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955 :—

Type of business.	No. registered at 31–12–60	No. of Inspections of registered premises during year.
Ice cream	20	7

FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1960.

These Regulations, made jointly by the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food and the Minister of Health, came into operation on 1st October, 1960. They amend and consolidate the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955 and 1957. The amendments do not affect the main substance of the Regulations.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

64 cases of Measles were notified during the year, compared with 55 in 1959.

1 case of Dysentery and 1 case of Erysipelas were notified during the year.

I am pleased to report that there was no outbreak of Food Poisoning in the District during the year.

The following statistics show the number of persons resident in Wigan Rural District who were immunised and vaccinated during the year 1960 :—

Type.	Pre-School Children	School Children	Adults
Triple Antigen (Diphtheria, Whooping Cough & Tetanus)	168	26	2
Diphtheria Re-inforcing Injections	4	134	Nil.
Poliomyelitis :			
Primary	147	50	304
Re-inforcing	189	194	520
Smallpox Vaccination :			
Primary	100	4	2
Re-Vaccination	Nil.	Nil.	6

TABLE V.

Notifiable Diseases During 1960

Disease	Total Ages	Under 1 yr.	1yr.	2–	3–	4–	5–	10–20	20 & over	Un-known	Removed to Hospital
Measles	64	4	8		8	5	32	6		1	
Dysentery ...	1				1						1
Erysipelas ...	1									1	
TOTALS.....	66	4	8		9	5	32	6		2	1

Distribution of Infectious Diseases over the several Parishes was as follows :—

	Cases.	Total No. of Cases.
DALTON :		
Measles	2	2
		2
HAIGH :		—
PARBOLD :		
Measles	27	
		27
SHEVINGTON :		
Measles	9	
		9
WORTHINGTON :		—
WRIGHTINGTON :		
Dysentery	1	
Erysipelas	1	
Measles	26	
		28
		66

It has not been necessary to take any action under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936, relating to the compulsory removal of tuberculous patients to hospital.

CANCER.

10 Deaths, 5 Males and 5 Females, occurred in the year 1960 compared with 17 Deaths, 6 Males and 11 Females, in the year 1959.

Cancer cases are treated at the Manchester Radium Institute and at the Wigan Infirmary Clinic, which works in close conjunction with the Manchester Unit.

TUBERCULOSIS

The notifications received during the year under the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1930, were as follows :—

New Cases and Mortality During 1960 :

Age Periods	NEW CASES Respiratory M.	NEW CASES Respiratory F.	NEW CASES Non-Respiratory M.	NEW CASES Non-Respiratory F.	DEATHS Respiratory M.	DEATHS Respiratory F.	DEATHS Non-Respiratory M.	DEATHS Non-Respiratory F.
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65–over	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Not known	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1	1	—	—	1	1	—	—

Notification of the disease is prompt and satisfactory. The Manchester Regional Hospital Board provides facilities for the treatment of Tuberculosis, and these services are fully used and appreciated. The Chest Clinic is in Millgate, Wigan, and patients may be referred there for examination by their own doctors, or by the Assistant Divisional Medical Officers.

No action has been taken under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948—Section 47 :

No cases were dealt with during the year under Section 47 of this Act.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 to 1959.

Part I of the Act.

1.—INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors) :—

Premises :	No. on Register	No. of Inspections	No. of Written Notices
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	2	1
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authorities	29	32	3
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority *(excluding out-workers' premises)	14	24	9
TOTAL	44	58	13

*Electrical Stations (Section 103) (1), Institutions (Section 104) and sites of Building Operations and Works of Engineering Construction (Sections 107 and 108).

2.—CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND :—

One case of want of cleanliness of premises was found and remedied and one case of inadequate ventilation was found and remedied.

Eight cases of insufficient sanitary conveniences were found, of which six were remedied. Five cases of unsuitable or defective sanitary conveniences (Section 7) were found and remedied.